## AB-234211

M.Sc. (Semester-II) Examination, June-2025

(Backlog)

## **ZOOLOGY**

[Paper: Third]

# (Structure and Function of Genes)

Time Allowed: Three Hours

Maximum Marks: 70

**Note:** Question paper is divided into **four** sections. Attempt question of **all four** sections as per direction. Distribution of marks is given in each section.

## SECTION-A

(Objective Type Questions)

Note: Attempt any ten questions. Each question carries 1 mark.

[10×1=10]

1. (A) Fill in the blanks:

AB-234211/580

(1)

[P.T.O.]

(i)	The enzyme responsible for removal of supercoiling is	
(ii)	The nucleic acid synthesis takes place isdirection.	
(iii)	L-Shaped Clover Leaf model of t-RNA is given by	
(iv)	Discontinuous DNA synthesis occurs in strand of DNA.	
(B) Choo	ose the correct options:	
(v)	The first biochemical systems on were probabey centred on which type of biomolecule?	
	(a) Carbohydrate	
	(b) Protein	
	(c) DNA	
	(d) RNA	
(vi)	Shine-dalgarno sequence is present in the :	
	(a) hn RNA	
	(b) mRNA	
AB-234211/580 (2)		

- (c) tRNA
- (d) Si RNA
- (vii) Which of the following is a character of ORF?
  - (a) Contagious
  - (b) 3-nucleotide codons
  - (c) Introns
  - (d) Non-overlaping
- (viii) Which of the following is an example of site specific recombination?
  - (a) Crossing over during meiosis
  - (b) Gene Conversion
  - (c) Intergration of bacteriophage  $\lambda$ -genome into the E.Coli chromosome.
  - (d) Insertion of a transposon into a new site in a genome
- (ix) The site at which DNA replication is initiated is called:

AB-234211/580 (3)

[P.T.O.]

	(a)	Enhancer	
	(b)	Initiator	
	(c)	Origin of replication	
	(d)	Propmoter	
(x)	Codon-anticodon interaction occurs by:		
	(a)	Covalent bonds	
	(b)	Electrostatic interactions	
	(c)	Hydrogen bonds	
	(d)	Hydrophobic interactions	
(xi)	Which of the following sequence module is no basal promoter element?		
	(a)	CAAT Box	
	(b)	GC Box	
	(c)	Octamer module	
	(d)	TATA Box	

(4)

AB-234211/580

- (xii) Which of the following RNA polymerase is responsible for the transcription of protein coding gene in eukaryotes?
  - (a) RNA polymerase-I
  - (b) RNA polymerase-II
  - (c) RNA polymerase-III
  - (d) RNA polymerase-IV

### **SECTION-B**

( Very Short Answer Type Questions )

Note: Attempt any five questions. Each question carries 2 marks.(Word limit 25-30 words): [5×2=10]

- 2. (i) Proteome diversity
  - (ii) t-RNA
  - (iii) Histone Proteins
  - (iv) RNA polymerase

AB-234211/580 (5) [P.T.O.]

- (v) Non-coding RNA
- (vi) Alternative splicing
- (vii) Evolution of genetic materials

#### SECTION-C

(Short Answer Type Questions)

Note: Attempt any five questions. Each question carries 4 marks.(Word limit 250 words) [4×5=20]

- 3. (i) Transcription factors
  - (ii) Structure of chromatin
  - (iii) Supercoiling of DNA
  - (iv) Evolution of introns
  - (v) Catalytic RNA
  - (vi) Pre-mRNA Processing
  - (vii) DNA replication

AB-234211/580 (6)

### SECTION-D

(Essay Type Questions)

Note: Attempt any three questions. Each question carries 10 marks.(Word limit 500 words) [3×10=30]

- 4. (i) Describe the mechanism of DNA recombination in Prokaryotes.
  - (ii) Explain the mechanism of DNA repair in detail.
  - (iii) Explain the positive and negative regulation of gene expression in prokaryotes.
  - (iv) Explain the mechanism of translation and its control in detail.

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AB-234211/580 (7)